



Avocent™

SPC800/1600

Installer/User Guide



INSTRUCTIONS

This symbol is intended to alert the user to the presence of important operating and maintenance (servicing) instructions in the literature accompanying the appliance.



DANGEROUS VOLTAGE

This symbol is intended to alert the user to the presence of uninsulated dangerous voltage within the product's enclosure that may be of sufficient magnitude to constitute a risk of electric shock to persons.



PROTECTIVE GROUNDING TERMINAL

This symbol indicates a terminal which must be connected to earth ground prior to making any other connections to the equipment.



• **SPC800/1600**

Installer/User Guide

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USA Notification

Warning: Changes or modifications to this unit not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

Canadian Notification

This digital apparatus does not exceed the Class A limits for radio noise emissions from digital apparatus set out in the Radio Interference Regulations of the Canadian Department of Communications.

Le présent appareil numérique n'émet pas de bruits radioélectriques dépassant les limites applicables aux appareils numériques de la classe A prescrites dans le Règlement sur le brouillage radioélectrique édicté par le Ministère des Communications du Canada.

Japanese Notification

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Compliance

Units have been safety tested/certified to the following standards: USA and Canada to UL 60950 3rd Ed. and CAN/CSA 22.2 No. 60950-00, European Union to EN60950.

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Product Overview

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Chapter 1: Product Overview

Features and Benefits

The Avocent SPC offers secure AC power management for 8 (SPC800) or 16 (SPC1600) attached devices. Used in conjunction with the Avocent CPS network appliance, the SPC can remotely control the power on/off status for each device attached to the SPC. Additionally, the SPC provides measurement and reporting of the total combined load of all devices for more accurate load management.

Wake-up power sequencing

When the SPC is powered up, each of the power receptacles, or ports, is powered sequentially with a two-second delay between each port. This power sequencing staggers the individual loads, eliminating the potential of a blown fuse or circuit breaker.

Cumulative load measurement

The SPC's load measurement feature eliminates guesswork by supplying the cumulative operating load in amperes. This measurement allows on-site technicians to install and operate as much equipment as possible on a circuit without worry. Circuit use is maximized, while effectively leaving a 10% to 20% safety margin. Remote users may also access this information at any time over an IP connection from the SPC's command line or control screen.

Port grouping

For simultaneous operations across multiple attached devices, SPC ports may be combined in named groups. Operations may then be issued to all ports in the named group with one easy command sequence.

Easy installation

The SPC ships with mounting brackets for easy installation on your rack. Its vertical orientation makes it convenient to access, without taking up valuable U-space in the rack.

User interfaces and LEDs

The SPC features two types of user interfaces: the command line and the control screen. For easier port recognition, both individual ports and port groups may be assigned descriptive names for use in control commands. For the local technician, LED displays on the SPC indicate individual port power status and the cumulative power load.

Administrative security and control

The SPC ships with three predefined usernames, including an administrator. The administrator may create up to 57 additional usernames, each with port and command access rights. SPC access is further secured through password protection.

For configurations that require multiple fully-privileged users, administrative privileges may be granted to other users in the system.

Automatic time-out

When an SPC user ends a session, configuration changes made during the session are saved. For added system security, a user session will be terminated automatically after five minutes of inactivity, without saving any configuration changes made during the session. If a user is called away unexpectedly, an unprotected channel will not remain open indefinitely.

Configuration reset capability

The SPC may be reset to the factory default configuration through an administrative level command. If the administrator password is lost or unavailable, the unit may be reset manually by pressing a reset button on the SPC unit.

Safety Precautions

This section contains important safety and regulatory compliance information that should be reviewed before installing and using the SPC. For input and output current ratings, see *Appendix B*.

- This equipment is only for installation and use in a Restricted Access Location with the following installation and use instructions.
- This equipment is designed to be installed on a dedicated circuit.
- The dedicated circuit must have circuit breaker or fuse protection. SPC units have been designed without a master circuit breaker or fuse to avoid becoming a single point of failure. It is the customer's responsibility to provide adequate protection for the dedicated power circuit. Protection should not exceed 120% of the Total Output Rating of the SPC units (see *Appendix B*) and must meet all applicable local, state and federal codes and regulations.
- The plug on the power supply cord shall be installed near the equipment and shall be easily accessible.
- Installation Orientation: SPC units are designed to be installed in a vertical orientation.
- Always disconnect the power supply cord before opening to avoid electrical shock.





WARNING: High leakage current! Earth connection is essential before connecting supply!

WARNING: 208-240/230V models only - Outlets are not fused. Outlet circuit protection is provided by the building installation, which shall not exceed 20A branch circuit protection.

Informations de Securite Importantes

Seulement pour l'installation et l'utilisation dans une Zone Interdite conformément aux installations et l'utilisation des indications suivants.

Cet équipement est conçu à être installé sur un circuit spécialisé.

Le circuit spécialisé doit avoir un disjoncteur ou une protection de fusible. Des SPC ont été conçus sans disjoncteur général ni fusible pour éviter que cela devient un seul endroit de panne. C'est la responsabilité du client de fournir une protection adéquate pour le circuit-alimentation spécialisé. La protection ne doit pas dépasser 120% l'Indice du Total de Sortie de la SPC et doit être conforme à toutes les réglementations locales, d'état et fédéral applicables.

La prise sur le cordon d'alimentation sera installée près de l'équipement et sera facilement disponible.

Installation Orientation: Les unités SPC sont conçues pour être installées dans une orientation verticale.

Toujours déconnecter le cordon d'alimentation avant d'ouvrir pour éviter un choc électrique.



ATTENTION: Haut fuite très possible! Une connection de masse est essentielle avant de connecter l'alimentation!



ATTENTION: les modeles 208-240/230V seulement - Les prises n'ont pas de fusible incorporé. Une protection de la prise du curcuit est fournie par l'installation du bâtiment, qui ne devrait pas dépasser 20A protection d'une branche de cuircuit.

Wichtige Sicherheits Information

Sollte nur in einem gesicherten Raum installiert un benutzt werden unter Beachtung der folgenden Gebrauchsanweisung.

Dieses Gerät muss einen eigenen Stromkreis habe.



Der Stromkreis muss durch einen Stromkreisunterbrecher oder eine Sicherung gesic sein. The SPC sind ohne Hauptstromkreisunterbrecher oder Sicherung ausgerüstet um Fehlerquellen auszuschliessen. De Kunde ist für die Sicherheit des eigenen Stromkrei verantwortlich Der Schutz sollte nicht 120% des tot outputs des The SPC überst und muss im Einklang mit allen örtlichen, staatliche und öffentlichen Bestimmungen sein.



Der Stecker muss neben dem Gerät installiert werd und sollte leicht zugänglich sein.

Anschlussanweisung: SPC Einheiten sind vert zu installieren.

Um elektrische Schläge vor dem Öffnen zu verme Strom ausstellen.



WARNING! Hochspannung! Gerät muss geerdet werden vor dem Anschliessen.

Warnung nur für folgende Modelle 208-240/230V D Stromausgänge sind nicht gesichert. Die Sicherung Stromkreises wird bei der Installation geliefert. Die Sicherung sollte aber nicht 20A übersteigen.



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Installation

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Chapter 2: Installation

Getting Started

Before installing your SPC, refer to the following lists to ensure that you have all the items that shipped with the SPC as well as all other items necessary for proper installation.

Supplied with the SPC

Your SPC package contains the following items:

- SPC unit
- Separate power cord - 230V units only
- RJ-45 cable
- Mounting bracket hardware: two mounting brackets and four sets of screws, washers and nuts
- RJ-45-to-DB9F-DCE serial port adaptor (used by service personnel)
- 8 (SPC800) or 16 (SPC1600) port retention clips
- SPC Installer/User Guide

Items needed for installation

- Phillips screwdriver
- Screws, washers and nuts to attach the SPC to your rack

Component Overview

Figure 2.1 shows portions of a 115V SPC.

The RJ-45 serial port is used for the cable connection to your CPS.

The *Input Current* digital LED indicates the total cumulative load in amperes (A) of all the devices attached to the SPC ports. The LED readout increases in 0.5A increments up to 9.5A. Above 10A, the LED increases in 1.0A increments. All SPC models indicate an overload by displaying **OL** at 30.5A, which is the maximum rating of the SPC unit without considering the capacity of the cord set.

The SPC800 has 8 power output connectors, which are called ports. The SPC1600 has 16 ports. Each port supplies power to an attached device, and can be individually turned on and off. See the port specifications in *Appendix B* for more information.

An LED, located above the upper left corner of each port, will illuminate when that port is powered.

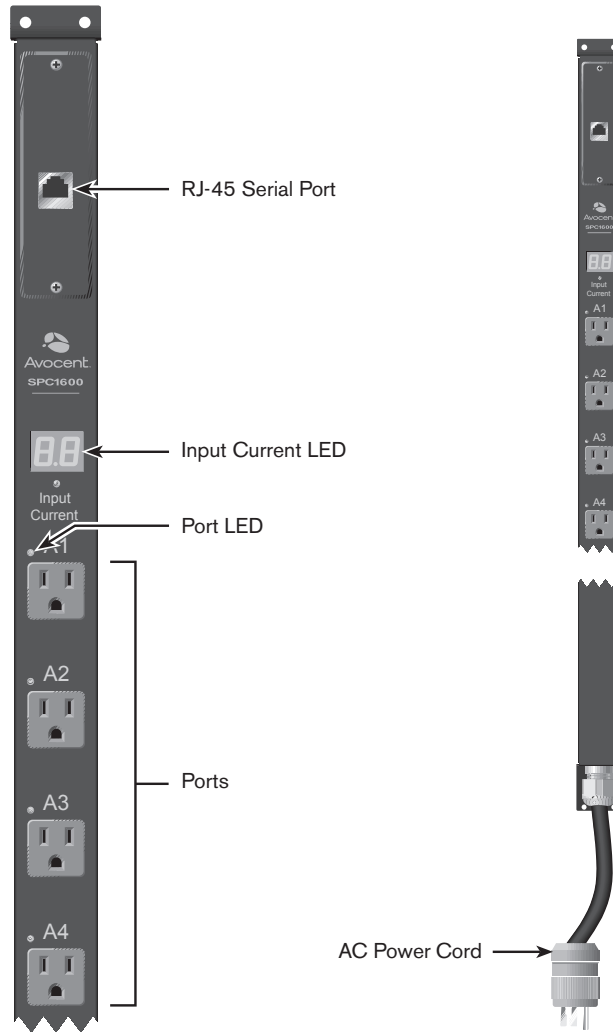


Figure 2.1: SPC Views

A letter/number combination is printed above each SPC port. Beginning at the top, the ports are labeled A1 through A4, B1 through B4, C1 through C4 and D1 through D4. These names may be used in commands that require a port name. See *Port Naming* in Chapter 3 for more information.

The power input cord at the base of the SPC connects the SPC to the electrical power source. See power cord and plug specifications in *Appendix B* for more information.

Rack Mounting

The SPC rack mounting hardware consists of two mounting brackets and four sets of screws, washers and nuts. Attach the mounting brackets to the top and bottom of the SPC using the supplied hardware. Then, attach the SPC to your rack, using your screws, washers and nuts.

To rack mount the SPC:

1. Attach one mounting bracket to the top flange of the SPC with one set of screws and washers through each of the slots in the bracket, as shown in Figure 2.2. Secure each screw with a nut. The slots allow about 1/2 inch of vertical adaptability.

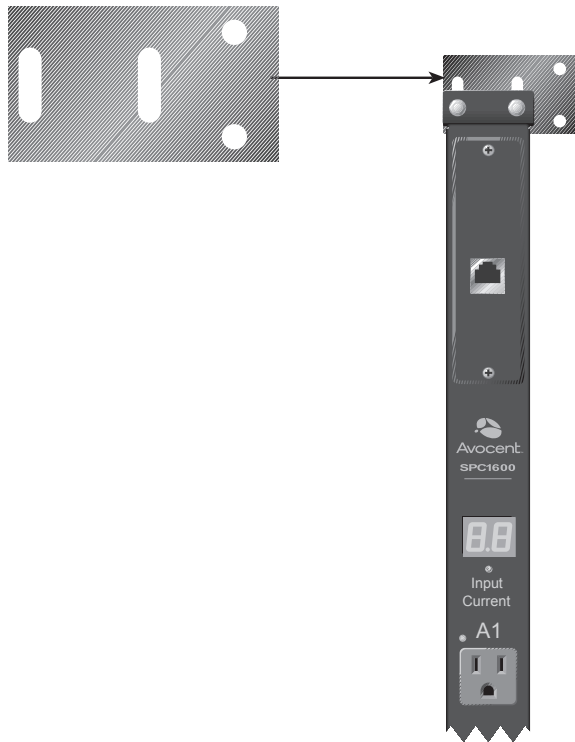


Figure 2.2: Rack Mounting Bracket

2. Repeat with the other mounting bracket on the bottom flange of the SPC.
3. Attach the top and bottom brackets to your rack, using the round holes in each bracket. The round holes may not align with the mounting holes in your rack. In this case, you may use only one screw and washer set per bracket to secure the SPC to your rack, as long as both top and bottom brackets are attached to the rack.

Connecting the SPC to the CPS

Connect either end of the supplied RJ-45 cable to the connector on the SPC. Connect the other end to a CPS port.

Connecting the SPC to the Power Source

On 115V units, the power cord is attached to the base of the SPC unit. On 230V units, you must attach the power cord to the SPC unit before connecting the SPC to the power source.

Each port powers up sequentially, with a two-second delay between each port, eliminating a potential blown primary fuse or circuit breaker.

To attach a 230V power cord to the 230V SPC unit:

1. Plug the female end of the power cord firmly into its connector at the base of the SPC.
2. Use a screwdriver to tighten the two screws on the retention bracket.

To connect the SPC to the power source:

Plug the male end of the SPC power cord into the AC power source.

Connecting Devices to the SPC

To avoid the possibility of noise due to arcing:

Keep the device's on/off switch in the off position until after it is plugged into the SPC port.

- or -

Log in to the SPC and turn the ports off before connecting the devices to the SPC. After connecting the devices, turn them on using the SPC.

On 115V units, connect devices to the SPC ports. On 230V units, install a retention clip on each port. Pull the open prongs out slightly and insert them into holes on the sides of the SPC adjacent to the port. Then insert the device's power cord and gently snap the retention clip over the cord.



WARNING: The SPC and all attached devices should be powered down before servicing the unit. Always disconnect the power cord from the wall outlet.



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Operations

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Chapter 3: Operations

Interfaces

The SPC has two interfaces: command line and control screen. When a valid user logs in, the command line prompt (SPC:) appears. From this prompt, commands may be issued according to the user's privileges. The control screen is accessed from the command line with the Show command. You may return to the command line from the control screen by typing **c**.

You may end an SPC session either from the command line or the control screen.

Port Naming and Grouping

When a command calls for an SPC port name, you may specify it in one of two ways: a predefined absolute name or a descriptive name assigned by the administrator.

An absolute name is specified by a period (.) followed by a group letter and number. Beginning at the top of the SPC800 or 1600, the first four ports form group A, and the next four ports form group B. On the SPC1600, the third set of four ports forms group C and the final set of four ports forms group D. Ports within each group are numbered 1 through 4. The letter/number value is printed above each port. To specify an absolute port name, add a period before this value. For example, the eleventh port on an SPC1600 has an absolute port name of .C3.

Alternatively, descriptive port names may be created on the control screen and used in commands that require a port name. See *Using the Control Screen* in this chapter for more information about descriptive port names.

SPC ports may be assigned group names on the control screen, enabling you to issue a command that affects all ports in the group. Specify the group name with the command, such as on, off or reboot. See *Using the Control Screen* for more information about group names.

Usernames and Passwords

The SPC has three predefined usernames, shown in the following table.

Predefined Usernames

Name	Password	Privileges
Admn	adm	Fully-privileged
Gen1	gen1	Semi-privileged
Gen2	gen2	Semi-privileged

NOTE: For security, you may wish to change the passwords for the predefined usernames.

You may add up to 57 additional users.

By default, only the Admn user may perform administrative operations such as adding/deleting usernames and command privileges, changing passwords and displaying port and user information. The Admn user may also view the status of all SPC ports, access the control screen and control power to all ports.

By default, the Gen1 and Gen2 users may view the status of all SPC ports, access the control screen and control power to all ports. The administrator may change these privileges.

The administrator creates additional usernames with the Add User command, then uses the Add Port command to grant these users the right to view the status of and control power to specific SPC ports. The administrator uses the Set Show command to grant control screen access to additional users.

The administrator may grant administrative privileges to another user with the Admnp command. This command may also be used to remove administrative privileges previously granted to another user. This feature allows the SPC to have more than one administrator-level user.

Additional usernames must contain from 1-16 characters; spaces are not allowed. A username is not case sensitive. Passwords may contain up to 16 characters, and are case sensitive. A password is not required for an additional user. The administrator may change a password with the Set Password command.

For security, when a password is typed, either blanks or asterisks appear on the screen instead of the typed password characters.

See *Administration Commands* in this chapter for more information about commands that create and manage usernames.

NOTE: SPC usernames are distinct from CPS usernames.

Logging In

To log in to the SPC:

1. Initiate a Telnet session to the CPS port with the SPC connection. Enter your CPS username and password, if required.
2. After receiving the **Connected to port ...** banner, press the **Enter** key twice. The following appears, where **x.x** is the firmware version:

```
Avocent SPC Version x.x
```

```
Username:
```

5. At the Username: prompt, enter a valid username and press **Enter**. The Password: prompt appears.

If you do not enter a valid username within 60 seconds, the session ends with the message:

```
Your time is up. Try again later
```

```
Session ended.
```

4. At the Password: prompt, enter a valid password and press **Enter**.

If you do not enter a valid password within 60 seconds, the session ends with the message:

```
Your time is up. Try again later
```

```
Session ended.
```

If you enter an invalid password, the following message appears:

```
Username/Password entered is NOT valid
```

```
Username:
```

You are given three attempts to enter a valid username and password combination. If all three fail, the session ends with the message:

```
Username/Password entered is NOT valid
```

```
Check your Username/Password and try again later
```

```
Session ended
```

When you enter a valid username and password, the SPC command prompt (SPC:) appears. If a location identifier was defined, it will be displayed before the SPC: prompt. See *Creating a location description and login banner* in this chapter for more information.

Using the Command Line

You may enter commands in uppercase, lowercase or using a combination. You must enter all command characters correctly; there are no command abbreviations. The Admn user may issue any command. Other usernames may be granted access to some or all commands.

The administrator may lock one or more ports on the control screen. When a port is locked, its on/off state cannot be changed from the command line or the control screen until the administrator unlocks the port. See *Using the Control Screen* for more information about locking and unlocking ports.

The command line supports two types of commands: operations and administration. In most cases, a user must have administrative privileges to use the administration commands. The following table lists and briefly

describes each command. The letter (A) indicates an administration command and (O) indicates an operations command.

Command Summary

Command (Type)	Description
Add Port (A)	Grants a username access to one or all ports
Add User (A)	Adds a username
Admnp (A)	Grants or removes administrative privileges for a username
Del Port (A)	Removes access to one or all ports for a username
Del User (A)	Deletes a username
lload (O)	Displays the total cumulative input load
List Port(s) (A)	Displays information about one or all ports
List User(s) (A)	Displays information about one or all users
Login (O)	Brings up the Username: prompt
Off (O)	Turns one or more ports off
On (O)	Turns one or more ports on
Quit (O)	Ends a session
Reboot (O)	Reboots one or more ports
Set Location (A)	Specifies a descriptive field for the control screen and login banner
Set Password (A)	Changes the password for a username
Set Screen (A)	Enables or disables a confirmation query for control screen operations that change a port's state
Set Show (A)	Enables or disables Show command access for a username
Show (O)	Displays the control screen
Status (O)	Displays the on/off status of one or more ports
Version (O)	Displays the SPC firmware version

To display the names of commands that you may execute:

At the command prompt, press **Enter**. A list of valid commands for your username appears.

Operations Commands

Operations commands manage SPC port states, provide information about the SPC environment and control session operations.

For most operations commands that affect port states, you may specify multiple port names on one command line, separated by a space or a comma, to a maximum of 50 characters.

Turning ports on

The On command turns on one or more ports. When the command completes, a display indicates the number of ports that were turned on and the number of ports that are locked in their current state.

To turn ports on:

At the SPC: prompt, type **on**, followed by one or more port names separated by spaces or commas, and press **Enter**.

- or -

Type **on**, followed by a group name, and press **Enter**.

- or -

Type **on all** and press **Enter**.

Examples

The following command turns the second port on, using the port's absolute name:

```
SPC: on port .a2<Enter>
```

The following command turns on all the ports in the group named ops_srv:

```
SPC: on port ops_srv<Enter>
```

The group name was previously defined on the control screen.

The following command turns on ports A1 and C3, using the ports' absolute names:

```
SPC: on ports .a1 .c3<Enter>
```

Turning ports off

The Off command turns off one or more ports. When the command completes, a display indicates the number of ports that were turned off and the ports that are locked in their current state.

To turn ports off:

At the SPC: prompt, type **off**, followed by one or more port names separated by spaces or commas, and press **Enter**.

- or -

Type **off**, followed by a group name, and press **Enter**.

- or -

Type **off all** and press **Enter**.

Examples

The following command turns the sixth and eighth ports off, using the ports' absolute names:

```
SPC: off port .b2 .b4<Enter>
```

The following command turns off the port named ops_2:

```
SPC: off port ops_2<Enter>
```

The port name was previously defined on the control screen.

The following command turns off all ports:

```
SPC: off port all<Enter>
```

Rebooting ports

The Reboot command reboots one or more ports. This operation turns the port(s) off, delays for a period of time and then turns the port(s) on. The delay interval is 15 seconds by default, or the minimum-off time specified on the control screen, whichever is greater.

When the command completes, a display indicates the number of ports that were rebooted and the ports that are locked in their current state.

If you plan to reboot a large number of ports simultaneously by specifying all ports or a group name that is assigned to many ports, it may be beneficial to set staggered minimum-off time values among the ports. This enables you to avoid an excessive in-rush of current and possible circuit overload. See *Using the Control Screen* for information about the minimum-off time.

To reboot one or more ports:

At the SPC: prompt, type **reboot**, followed by one or more port names separated by spaces or commas, and press **Enter**.

- or -

Type **reboot**, followed by a group name, and press **Enter**.

- or -

Type **reboot all** and press **Enter**.

Examples

The following command reboots the ports named ops_2 and shp_2:

```
SPC: reboot ops_2 shp_2<Enter>
```

These port names were previously defined on the control screen.

The following command reboots all the ports in the group named ops_srv:

```
SPC: reboot ops_serv<Enter>
```

The group name was previously defined on the control screen.

The following command reboots all ports:

```
SPC: reboot all<Enter>
```

Displaying port status

The Status command displays the on/off status of one or more ports. For the three predefined usernames Admn, Gen1 and Gen2, this command may be used to display the status of all ports, including ports for which power control access is not allowed. For additional usernames, the command displays the status of only those ports for which the username has power control access.

The display indicates the number of ports that are on as well as those that are off. If you do not specify any parameter with this command, the status of all ports is displayed.

To display on/off status of one or more ports:

At the SPC: prompt, type **status**, followed by one or more port names separated by spaces or commas, and press **Enter**.

- or -

Type **status**, followed by a group name, and press **Enter**.

- or -

Type **status all** and press **Enter**.

- or -

Type **status** and press **Enter**.

Examples

The following command displays the on/off status of the port named shp_2:

```
SPC: status shp_2<Enter>
```

The port name was previously defined on the control screen.

The following command displays the on/off status of all ports:

```
SPC: status<Enter>
```

Accessing the control screen

The Show command displays the control screen, which contains two or four pages of information, depending on your SPC model. You may specify a page by its absolute name: .A for page 1, .B for page 2, .C for page 3 and .D for page 4. You

may also use a page name defined on the control screen. If you do not specify a page name, page 1 is displayed. See *Using the Control Screen* for more information about control screen pages.

The Show command is always available to the predefined usernames Admn, Gen1 and Gen2. By default, added usernames are not allowed to use the Show command. The administrator may use the Set Show command to enable and disable Show command access for other usernames.

To access the control screen:

At the SPC: prompt, type **show**, optionally followed by a page name, and press **Enter**. If you omit a page name, the first page is displayed.

To return to the command line from the control screen, press **c**.

Displaying the cumulative input load

The Iload command displays the current cumulative input load for all SPC ports, in quarter-ampere granularity. This value is also displayed on the control screen. Additionally, the digital LED above the ports on the SPC indicates the total input load in half-ampere granularity.

To display the cumulative input load:

At the SPC: prompt, type **iload** and press **Enter**.

Displaying the SPC firmware version

The Vers command displays the SPC firmware version.

To display the firmware version:

At the SPC: prompt, type **vers** and press **Enter**.

Starting a new session

The Login command activates the Username: prompt. The current session ends, allowing a user to log in and start a new session under a different username.

To start a new session:

At the SPC: prompt, type **login** and press **Enter**. The Username: prompt appears.

Ending a session

The Quit command ends a session. You may also end the current session and immediately start a new one with the Login command.

Additionally, you may end a session from the control screen by pressing **q**. A session ends automatically when no activity is detected for five minutes, or upon loss of connection to the Avocent CPS.

NOTE: If you have made configuration changes during a session, you must end the session by using the Quit command or by pressing **q** from the control screen to ensure that configuration changes are stored in memory.

To end a session:

At the SPC: prompt, type **quit** and press **Enter**.

Administration Commands

Administration commands include the Add, Del, List and Set commands, plus the Admnp command. Some of these commands manage usernames and their privileges. Other administration commands affect the control screen. Administration commands may only be issued by a user with administrative privileges, such as the predefined Admn user or another user who has been granted administrative privileges with the Admnp command.

To display a list of available Add commands:

At the SPC: prompt, type **add** and press **Enter**.

The following display appears:

```
ADD commands are:
  USER  PORT
```

To display a list of available Del commands:

At the SPC: prompt, type **del** and press **Enter**.

The following display appears:

```
DEL commands are:
  USER  PORT
```

To display a list of available List commands:

At the SPC: prompt, type **list** and press **Enter**.

The following display appears:

```
LIST commands are:
  USER  USERS  PORT  PORTS
```

To display a list of available Set commands:

At the SPC: prompt, type **set** and press **Enter**. The following display appears:

```
SET commands are:  
LOCATION PASSWORD SHOW SCREEN
```

Adding a username

The Add User command adds a username and password. See *Username and Passwords* in this chapter for more information.

To add a username:

1. At the SPC: prompt, type **add user**, optionally followed by a 1-16 character username. Spaces and colon characters are not allowed, and usernames are not case sensitive. Press **Enter**.

If you do not specify a username, you are prompted for it (Username:).

2. At the Password: prompt, type a password of up to 16 alphanumeric and other typeable characters (ASCII 32 to 126 decimal). Passwords are case sensitive. Press **Enter**. To specify no password, press **Enter** at the prompt.
3. At the Verify Password: prompt, retype the password. Press **Enter**. To verify no password, press **Enter** at the prompt.

Examples

The following command adds username JaneDoe:

```
SPC: add user JaneDoe<Enter>  
Password: *****<Enter>  
Verify New Password: *****<Enter>
```

For security, password characters are displayed as asterisks.

The following command adds username JohnDoe:

```
SPC: add user<Enter>  
Username: JohnDoe<Enter>  
Password: *****<Enter>  
Verify Password: *****<Enter>
```

The following command adds username Sydney with no password:

```
SPC: add user Sydney<Enter>  
Password:<Enter>  
Verify Password:<Enter>
```

Granting port access to a username

The Add Port command grants a username access to one or all ports.

To grant access for more than one port, but not all ports, you must use

multiple Add Port commands. When the command completes successfully, the following message appears, where **x** indicates the number of ports:

```
x port(s) added Command Completed Successfully
```

To grant port access to a username:

At the SPC: prompt, type **add port**, optionally followed by a username and a port name. Press **Enter**.

- or -

Type **add port**, followed by a username, then **all**. Press **Enter**.

If you omit a username, you are prompted for it (Username:). If you omit a port name, you are prompted for it (Port Name:).

If you enter an invalid username or port name, the command aborts with the message:

```
0 port(s) added. Command Completed Successfully.
```

Examples

The following commands use absolute port names to grant the username JaneDoe access to ports A1, A2 and C2:

```
SPC: add port janedoe .a1<Enter>
```

```
SPC: add port janedoe .a2<Enter>
```

```
SPC: add port janedoe .c2<Enter>
```

The following commands grant access to the same ports, but they use the ports' descriptive names that were previously defined on the control screen (ops_1, ops_2 and shp_2):

```
SPC: add port janedoe ops_1<Enter>
```

```
SPC: add port janedoe ops_2<Enter>
```

```
SPC: add port janedoe shp_2<Enter>
```

The following command grants access to all ports for the username JohnDoe:

```
SPC: add port<Enter>
```

```
Username: johndoe<Enter>
```

```
Port Name: all<Enter>
```

Deleting port access for a username

The Del Port command removes a username's access to one or all ports. You cannot remove access to any port for the Admn user. When the command completes successfully, the following message appears, where **x** indicates the number of ports:

```
x port(s) deleted Command Completed Successfully
```

To delete port access for a username:

At the SPC: prompt, type **del port**, optionally followed by a username and a port name. Press **Enter**.

- or -

Type **del port all**. Press **Enter**.

If you omit a username, you are prompted for it (Username:). If you omit a port name, you are prompted for it (Port Name:).

If you enter an invalid username or port name, the command aborts with the message:

```
0 port(s) deleted. Command Completed Successfully
```

Deleting a username

The Del User command removes a username. You cannot delete the predefined usernames Admn, Gen1 or Gen2. When the command completes successfully, the following message appears:

```
0 port(s) deleted Command Completed Successfully
```

To delete a username:

At the SPC: prompt, type **del user**, optionally followed by a username. Press **Enter**.

If you omit a username, you are prompted for it (Username:).

If you enter an invalid username, the command aborts with the message:

```
Name entered is NOT valid.
```

Displaying port information

The List Port and List Ports commands display information about one or all ports, respectively. This information includes:

- Descriptive port name, if applicable
- Group name assigned to the port, if any
- Usernames who may access the port

When requesting information about all ports, the display begins with port A1's information, followed by a prompt to either continue with the next port's information or quit the display. If you choose to continue, port A2's information is displayed, followed by a prompt to continue or quit. You may choose to quit at any time. After the information for all ports has been displayed, or after quitting, you are returned to the command prompt.

To display information about one port:

At the SPC: prompt, type **list port**, optionally followed by a port name. Press **Enter**.

If you omit a port name, you are prompted for it (Port Name:).

To display information about all ports:

At the SPC: prompt, type **list ports** and press **Enter**.

Examples

The following command requests information about port B1 by specifying its absolute port name:

```
SPC: list port .b1<Enter>

.B1 hr_1 hr_srv
Usernames:
  ADMN   GEN1   GEN2
  JOHNDOE

Username List for .B1 Complete
```

The display indicates that port B1 has the descriptive name hr_1 and is in the port group named hr_srv. The usernames who may access this port are Admn, Gen1, Gen2 and JohnDoe.

The following command requests information about all ports:

```
SPC: list ports<Enter>

.A1 ops_1 ops_serv
Usernames:
  ADMN   GEN1   GEN2
  JANEDOE

Username List for .A1 Complete

Press: N)ext, Q)uit:
```

The first screen of the resulting display indicates that port A1 has a descriptive port name of ops_1 and is in the port group named ops_serv. The usernames who may access port A1 are Admn, Gen1, Gen2 and JaneDoe. The page ends with a prompt to continue with the display for the next port, A2, or quit and return to the SPC: prompt.

Displaying user information

The List User and List Users commands display information about one or all users, respectively. When requesting information about one user, the display includes a list of all ports the user may access, and whether the Show command is enabled or disabled for the user. When requesting

information about all users, the display indicates whether the Show command is enabled or disabled for each user and whether each user has been given administrative privileges.

To request information about one user:

At the SPC: prompt, type **list user**, optionally followed by a username. Press **Enter**.

If you omit a username, you are prompted for it (Username:).

To request information about all users:

At the SPC: prompt, type **list users** and press **Enter**.

Examples

The following command displays information about the username JaneDoe:

```
SPC: list user janedoe<Enter>

Active Port List for Username JANEDOE      Show command disabled

    A1  ops_1  ops_srv
    A2  ops_2  ops_srv
    C2  shp_2

List Complete
```

The display indicates that JaneDoe may not use the Show command to access the control screen. JaneDoe may access the following ports: A1 which has a descriptive name of ops_1 and is in the port group named ops_srv, A2 which has a descriptive name of ops_2 and is in the port group named ops_srv and C2 which has a descriptive name of shp_2.

The following command requests information about all users:

```
SPC: list users<Enter>
ADMN          Show command enabled      Administrative user
GEN1          Show command enabled
GEN2          Show command enabled
JANEDOE       Show command disabled
JOHNDOE       Show command enabled

List Complete
```

Creating a location description and login banner

The Set Location command specifies text that appears in the control screen's Location field. The text is also appended to a **Welcome to** banner that appears when a user successfully logs in.

If you do not issue this command, or if you issue this command without specifying any text, the control screen's Location field will be blank and no **Welcome to** banner will be displayed.

When this command completes successfully, the following message appears:
All pages changed locations

To create a location description and login banner:

At the SPC: prompt, type **set location**, optionally followed by up to 16 characters. Spaces are allowed. Press **Enter**.

Omitting any characters after typing **set location** deletes any previously-specified text.

Examples

The following command specifies Florida HQ as the descriptive location for the control screen and the login banner:

```
SPC: set location Florida HQ<Enter>
```

The following command deletes any previously-specified location description:

```
SPC: set location<Enter>
```

In this case, the control screen's Location field will be blank, and no welcome banner will be displayed after a successful login.

Enabling and disabling user access to the control screen

The Set Show command enables or disables a username's access to the Show command. This determines whether the username may access the control screen.

When the command completes successfully, one of the following messages is displayed, where **USERNAME** is the username specified in the command:

```
Show command enabled for USERNAME
```

```
Show command disabled for USERNAME
```

To enable or disable control screen access:

At the SPC: prompt, type **set show**, optionally followed by a username and **on** or **off**. Press **Enter**.

If you do not specify a username, you are prompted for it (Username:). If you do not specify **on** or **off**, you are prompted for it (Specify ON or OFF:).

If you specify an invalid username, the command aborts with the message:
Name entered is NOT valid

Examples

The following command enables Show command access for the user JohnDoe:

```
SPC: set show johndoe on<Enter>
```

The following command disables Show command access for the user JaneDoe:

```
SPC: set show<Enter>  
Username: janedoe<Enter>  
Specify ON or OFF: off<Enter>
```

Changing a password

The Set Password command changes a username's password. To change the password for any user other than Admn, you do not need to know the current password. To change the password for the Admn user, you must know the current password.

For security, when you type a password, the characters appear as asterisks (*) on the screen. When the command completes successfully, a confirmation message is displayed. See *Usernames and Passwords* for more information.

To change a password:

1. At the SPC: prompt, type **set password**, optionally followed by a username. Press **Enter**.

If you do not specify a username, you are prompted for it (Username:).

If you specify an invalid username, the command aborts with the message:
Name entered is NOT valid

2. If you are changing the password for the Admn user, the Enter Current Password: prompt appears. Type the current password and press **Enter**.
3. At the Enter New Password: prompt, type the new password and press **Enter**. Passwords may contain up to 16 characters, and spaces are not allowed. To specify no password, press **Enter** at the prompt.
4. At the Verify New Password: prompt, retype the new password and press **Enter**. To verify no password, press **Enter** at the prompt.

Examples

The following command changes the password for the user named JohnDoe:

```
SPC: set password johndoe<Enter>  
Enter New Password: *****<Enter>  
Verify New Password: *****<Enter>
```

For security, password characters display as asterisks.

The following command blanks the password for the user named JaneDoe:

```
SPC: set password<Enter>
Username: janedoe<Enter>
Enter New Password:<Enter>
Verify New Password:<Enter>
```

Enabling and disabling confirmation for control screen operations

The Set Screen command enables or disables a confirmation query when requesting port power changes on the control screen. When the Confirm option is set, the user is prompted with Are you sure? (Y/N) when an on, off or reboot operation is initiated on the control screen. When the Noconfirm option is set, the requested operation is completed immediately. The default value is Noconfirm. The Set Screen setting applies to all usernames.

To enable or disable confirmation for control screen operations:

At the command prompt, enter **set screen**, followed by **confirm** or **noconfirm**. Press **Enter**.

If you omit the confirm/noconfirm parameter or spell it incorrectly, the command aborts with the message:

```
SET SCREEN options are
NOCONFIRM CONFIRM
```

Example

The following command enables control screen confirmation queries:

```
SPC: set screen confirm<Enter>
```

Granting and removing administrative privileges

The Admnp command grants or removes administrative privileges for usernames other than the predefined Admn user. This command allows an SPC to have more than one administrative-level user. You cannot remove administrative privileges from the Admn user.

To grant or remove administrative privileges for a username:

At the SPC: prompt, type **admnp**, followed by **on** or **off**, optionally followed by a username. Press **Enter**.

If you do not specify a username, you are prompted for it (Username:).

Examples

The following command grants administrative privileges to the username JohnDoe:

```
SPC: admnp on johndoe<Enter>
```

The following command removes administrative privileges from the username JohnDoe:

```
SPC: admnp off<Enter>
Username: johndoe<Enter>
```

Using the Control Screen

The control screen contains SPC configuration and status information. Figure 3.1 shows an example of the first page of a control screen for an SPC1600.

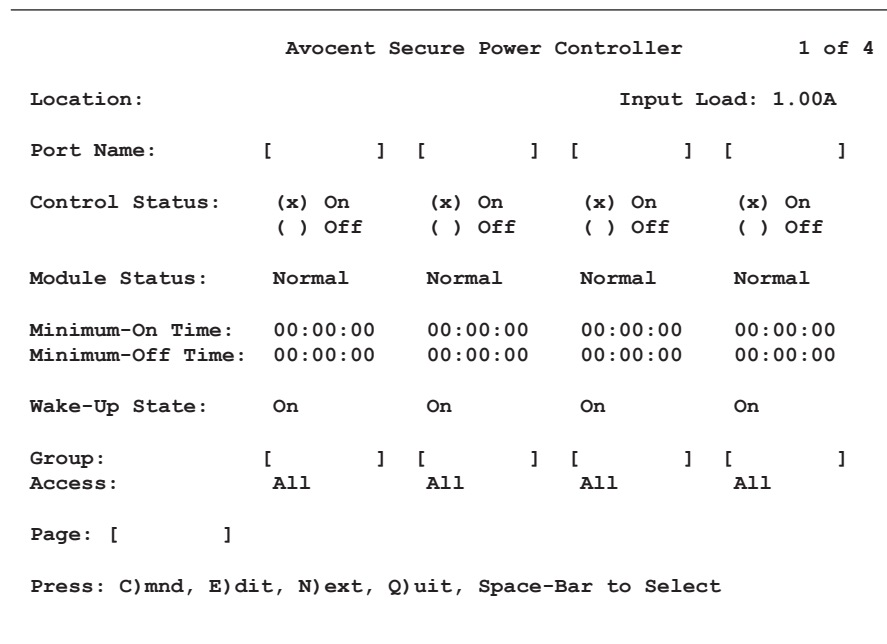


Figure 3.1: Example Control Screen

The control screen for an SPC800 has two pages; the control screen for an SPC1600 has four. Each page contains information about four ports. Page 1 contains information about ports A1 through A4 and page 2 contains information about ports B1 through B4. For an SPC1600, page 3 contains information about ports C1 through C4 and page 4 contains information about ports D1 through D4.

The Show command accesses the control screen from the command line. Use the **Arrow** keys on your keyboard to move the cursor from field to field. The help line at the bottom of the screen displays key commands that, when typed on your keyboard, perform specific operations. The following chart describes these keys.

Control Screen Help Line

Key	Action
C)mnd	Pressing C activates the SPC command line.
E)dit	Pressing E moves the cursor to the end of the current entry in an editable field. Each press of the Backspace key erases one character. When you finish editing the field, press Enter or Tab .
N)ext	Pressing N displays the next control screen page.
P)revious	Pressing P displays the previous control screen page.
Q)uit	Pressing Q ends the session. This is equivalent to the Quit command in the command line.
Space-Bar to Select	Pressing the Spacebar toggles among preset values. You may also use the Spacebar in the Control Status rows to change a port's state to the state of the current cursor location: On or Off. Alternatively, you may use the Plus (+) and Minus (-) keys on the numeric keypad to switch among preset values.

Some fields on the control screen are display-only and cannot be changed. Other fields may be changed by toggling among preset values or by entering text. The following sections describe each control screen field.

Location field

The display-only Location field may contain text that was specified with the Set Location command. The text in this field is also appended to a **Welcome to** banner that appears when a user successfully logs in.

Input Load field

The display-only Input Load field indicates the current cumulative input load in amperes of all devices attached to the SPC. You may also obtain this value from the command line with the `lload` command, or by viewing the *Input Current* LED on the front of the SPC.

Port Name field

The editable Port Name field may contain a descriptive name for the device connected to the port. You may use this name in commands that require a port

name, as an alternative to using the port's absolute name. See *Port Naming and Grouping* for more information about port names.

To specify a port name:

1. Position the cursor in the relevant Port Name field.
2. Type **e**. If you are changing an existing name, press the **Backspace** key to erase characters. Type a 1-8 character name. Press **Enter** or **Tab**.

Control Status field

The editable Control Status field indicates the port's current state with a character in the On or Off field. An **x** indicates the port is accessible. An asterisk (*) indicates that the administrator has locked the port, or that the current username does not have access rights to the port.

To turn a port on or off:

Position the cursor in the port's desired state (On or Off) and press the **Spacebar** or the **Plus (+)** key. The **x** will move to the new state.

To reboot a port:

Position the cursor in the port's On or Off field and press **r**. If the port is already off, it will turn on immediately. If the port is on, it will turn off, delay and then turn back on. The delay interval is either 15 seconds or the minimum-off time, whichever is greater. During the reboot delay, the Off field contains an **x**, indicating that the port is going to reboot.

To lock or unlock a port:

Position the cursor in the port's On or Off field and press **l** to lock or **u** to unlock. A locked port has an asterisk (*) in the On or Off field and cannot be controlled by other usernames; only an administrator can unlock it.

Module Status field

The display-only Module Status field indicates the port's current status.

Module Status Field Values

Display	Description
Normal	The port is working correctly.
No Rspns	The interface cannot communicate with the port.
OnS Fail	The port was instructed to be on, but it is off.
Off Fail	The port was instructed to be off, but it is on.

Minimum-On Time field

The editable Minimum-On Time field indicates the minimum amount of time that a port will stay on before it can be turned off by a command. The default value is 0. Manual commands in the control screen's On and Off fields are always immediate and ignore this value.

Minimum-Off Time field

The editable Minimum-Off Time field indicates the minimum amount of time that a port will stay off before it can be turned on by a command. The default is 0. Manual commands in the control screen's On or Off fields are always immediate, ignoring this value except during a reboot. During a reboot, whether initiated from the command line or the control screen, the value in this field determines the time that a port remains in the off state during the reboot cycle, if it is longer than 15 seconds.

You may use this value to stagger the startup of ports when a command is issued to reboot multiple ports at the same time. For example, setting different minimum-off time values may be useful when you issue a Reboot All command or a Reboot command for a large group.

NOTE: The wake-up power sequencing feature applies only when the entire SPC unit receives power, not when the power state is changed from the command line or the control screen.

It may be important in your configuration to set the minimum-off time values differently to avoid a circuit overload caused by an excessive in-rush of current that may occur when too many devices power up simultaneously.

The following example shows one way to configure the minimum-off time values for the four ports on each control screen page:

Minimum-Off Time: 00:00:15 00:00:30 00:00:45 00:01:00

To change a port's minimum-off time value:

Position the cursor in the port's Minimum-Off Time field and press the **Spacebar** or the **Plus (+)** or **Minus (-)** key. Each press moves through preset values to a one hour maximum.

The preset values are: 15 seconds, 30 seconds, 45 seconds, 1 minute, 1 minute 15 seconds, 1 minute 30 seconds, 1 minute 45 seconds, 2 minutes, 3 minutes, 4 minutes, 5 minutes, 10 minutes, 15 minutes, 30 minutes and one hour.

Wake-up State field

The editable Wake-up State field indicates the state that the port will go to, in sequence, when the SPC is powered up, either during normal operation or when power is restored after an outage. The options are On and Off. The default is On. When power is first supplied to the SPC, the ports are off. Shortly after the SPC wakes up, the ports are sequenced on in two-second increments. Only ports that are set with a wake-up state of Off will remain off.

To change a port's wake-up state:

Position the cursor in the field and press the **Spacebar**, the **Plus (+)** key or the **Minus (-)** key. Each press toggles between *On* and *Off*.

Group field

The editable Group field may contain a descriptive name. All ports with the same group name may be acted upon simultaneously with the On, Off and Reboot commands from the command line. Individual on, off and reboot commands initiated on the control screen do not affect other ports that have been assigned the same group name. Only command line actions that contain the group name parameter will cause all ports within the same group to power up, down or reboot as a group.

If you assign the same group name to a significant number of ports, consider staggering the minimum-off time values of the affected ports to help prevent an excessive in-rush load from occurring when a command is issued to reboot the group.

To specify a group name:

1. Position the cursor in the port's Group field.
2. Press **e**. If you are changing an existing name, press the **Backspace** key to erase characters. Type a 1-8 character name. Press **Enter** or **Tab**.

Access field

The editable Access field allows the administrator to easily change port access for the usernames Admn, Gen1 and Gen2. Port access for additional usernames must be enabled with the Add Port command from the command line.

To change port access for the Admn, Gen1 or Gen2 usernames:

1. Position the cursor in the port's Access field.
2. Use the **Spacebar**, the **Plus (+)** key or the **Minus (-)** key to switch among the preset options:

All - grants port access to Admn, Gen1 and Gen2; this is the default
Admn - grants port access to Admn
Gen1 - grants port access to Admn and Gen1
Gen2 - grants port access to Admn and Gen2

Page field

The editable Page field may contain a name for the current control screen page. When you want to display a specific page of the control screen, you may use this page name as a parameter in the Show command, or you may specify a page with its absolute name: .A for page 1, .B for page 2, .C for page 3 and .D for page 4.

To specify a page name:

1. Position the cursor in the Page field.
2. Press **e**. If you are changing an existing name, use the **Spacebar** to erase characters. Type a 1-8 character string. Press **Enter** or **Tab**.

Ending a Session

You may end a session from the command line or the control screen.

If you made configuration changes during the session, they are automatically stored in non-volatile memory. After you end the session, wait for the following message before taking any action that will power down the SPC:

```
Updating configuration memory . . .  
Update complete
```

```
Session ended
```

A session ends automatically after five minutes of inactivity, but if you have made any configuration changes during the session, they will not be saved.

To end a session:

From the SPC: prompt, type **quit** and press **Enter**.

- or -

From the control screen, press **q**.



Appendices

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Appendices

Appendix A: Resetting to Factory Defaults

You may reset the non-volatile RAM that stores all configurable SPC options. This clears all administrator-editable fields on the control screen and resets all command line configurable options to their default values, including usernames and passwords.

You may reset the SPC to factory defaults by issuing a command or by pressing the reset button on the SPC. You must have administrator-level privileges to issue the command. Using the reset button may be necessary when a forgotten password prevents administrator login. Either method updates the current working configuration to what was set at the factory.

To reset the SPC to factory defaults from the command line:

1. At the SPC: prompt, type **set cnfg all factory** and press **Enter**.
2. When the command completes successfully, the following message appears, where **n=2** for an SPC800 and **n=4** for an SPC1600:
Config changed on n board(s), 0 ignore(s).

To reset the SPC to factory defaults using the reset button:

1. On the front of the SPC, locate the recessed reset button directly below the *Input Current* LED. You will need a non-conductive, non-metallic tool that fits inside the recess.
2. Insert the tool in the recess, then depress and hold the reset button for at least five seconds. When you first press the reset button, the *Input Current* LED changes to two side-by-side horizontal lines in the middle of the display. Continuing to press the reset button for five seconds begins the reset, which is indicated by three side-by-side pairs of horizontal lines in the top, middle and bottom of the display. At this point, you may release the reset button. When the reset completes, the LED returns to displaying the cumulative input load.

Appendix B: Technical Specifications

Ports

Models	Power Outlet
SPC800-AM, SPC1600-AM, SPC1600-AM1	NEMA 5-15R
SPC800-EU, SPC1600-EU, SPC800-EU1, SPC1600-EU1	IEC 60320/C13

Load ratings

Load ratings for individual ports, sets of four ports and all ports are affected by plug type, cordage, operating voltage and domestic versus international use.

The label at the base of the SPC on either the side or the back indicates:

- Operating voltage and frequencies supported: 120VAC 50/60Hz or 230VAC 50/60Hz
- Maximum total output rating
- Limits that apply to each individual port
- Limits that apply to the cumulative load of each set of four ports.

Input and Output Current Ratings

Indice d'Alimentation

Stromspannung

Model Modele Zahl der Steckdose	Input Current Ratings (*) L'indice du courant d'entrée Nenneingangsstrom		Output Current Ratings L'indice du courant de sortie Bemessungs-Ausgangsstrom								
	Voltage Tension Spannung	Current Courrant Strom	Quad (**)			Octet (***)			Total		
			Outlet Prise Steck- dose	A	B	C	D	A&B	C&D	Total Gesamt	
SPC800-AM	100-120V 50/60Hz	20	10	15	15	-	-	20	-	20	
SPC1600-AM	100-120V 50/60Hz	20	10	15	15	15	15	20	20	20	
SPC1600-AM1	100-120V 50/60Hz	30	10	15	15	15	15	24	24	30	
SPC800-EU	230V 50/60Hz	16	6	10	10	-	-	16	-	16	
SPC800-EU1	230V 50/60Hz	13	6	10	10	-	-	13	-	13	
SPC1600-EU	230V 50/60Hz	16	6	10	10	10	10	16	16	16	
SPC1600-EU1	230V 50/60Hz	13	6	10	10	10	10	13	13	13	

* All current ratings are in amperes. Input current ratings are based on the power input configuration.

Tous les indices de courant sont en ampères. Les indices du courant d'entrée sont basés sur la configuration de tension d'entrée.

Strom ist in Ampere. Eingehende Spannung basiert auf der Energiezufuhr Konfiguration.

** A=A1+A2+A3+A4, B=B1+B2+B3+B4, C=C1+C2+C3+C4, D=D1+D2+D3+D4

*** A&B=A1+A2+A3+A4+B1+B2+B3+B4, C&D=C1+C2+C3+C4+D1+D2+D3+D4

Cordsets

Model	Connector to SPC	Connector to AC Power Source
SPC800-AM	Molded to unit	L5-20P, 20A/125V twist-lock
SPC1600-AM	Molded to unit	L5-20P, 20A/125V twist-lock
SPC1600-AM1	Molded to unit	L5-30P, 30A/125V twist-lock
SPC800-EU	IEC-60320/C19	Euro CEEE 7/7, 16A/250V non-locking
SPC1600-EU	IEC-60320/C19	Euro CEEE 7/7, 16A/250V non-locking
SPC800-EU1	IEC-60320/C19	BS1363, 13A/250V non-locking
SPC1600-EU1	IEC-60320/C19	BS1363, 13A/250V non-locking

RJ-45 Serial Port Connector

CPS		Direction	SPC	
RTS	1	-->	8	CTS
DSR	2	<--	7	DTR
CD	3	<--	6	GND
RD	4	<--	5	TD
TD	5	-->	4	RD
GND	6		3	GND
DTR	7	-->	2	DSR
CTS	8	<--	1	RTS

Cordsets

Model	Connector to SPC	Connector to AC Power Source
SPC800-AM	Molded to unit	L5-20P, 20A/125V twist-lock
SPC1600-AM	Molded to unit	L5-20P, 20A/125V twist-lock
SPC1600-AM1	Molded to unit	L5-30P, 30A/125V twist-lock
SPC800-EU	IEC-60320/C19	Euro CEEE 7/7, 16A/250V non-locking
SPC1600-EU	IEC-60320/C19	Euro CEEE 7/7, 16A/250V non-locking
SPC800-EU1	IEC-60320/C19	BS1363, 13A/250V non-locking
SPC1600-EU1	IEC-60320/C19	BS1363, 13A/250V non-locking

RJ-45 Serial Port Connector

CPS		Direction	SPC	
RTS	1	-->	8	CTS
DSR	2	<--	7	DTR
CD	3	<--	6	GND
RD	4	<--	5	TD
TD	5	-->	4	RD
GND	6		3	GND
DTR	7	-->	2	DSR
CTS	8	<--	1	RTS



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